Multiplying and Dividing with Exponents

Multiplication Rule: Product of Powers

Multiply powers with the same base by adding the exponents.

Examples: $a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n} \cdot 3^5 \cdot 3^3 = 3^{5+3}$ or 3^8

Watch Out: when multiplying powers, do not multiply the bases. For example, it is not 98 for the example above.

Division Rule: Quotient of Powers

Divide powers with the same base by subtracting the exponents.

Examples: $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ $3^5 \div 3^3 = 3^{5-3}$ or 3^2

Watch Out: when dividing powers, the denominator cannot be 0.

$$\frac{3^{-2}}{3^{5}}$$
 3^{-2}
 3^{-2}
 3^{-2}
 -2^{-2}
 3^{-2}
 3^{-7}
 $\frac{1}{3^{7}}$

$$3.4 \cdot \times \cdot y^{-2} \cdot y^{5}$$
 $12 \times y^{3} - 2+5 = 3$

The table shows the approximate heights of some clouds. About how many times as high are some high clouds compared to some low clouds?

$$\frac{hlgh}{low} = \frac{2^{13}}{2^{10}}$$

| Clouds | Height in meters |
|--------|------------------------|
| low | 2 ¹⁰ |
| middle | 2 ¹¹ |
| high | 2 ¹³ |